

IBM BigData Analytics

Smarter**Analytics**
CEE Competence Center



Analytical process



BIG DATA CONCEPT

Analytical process

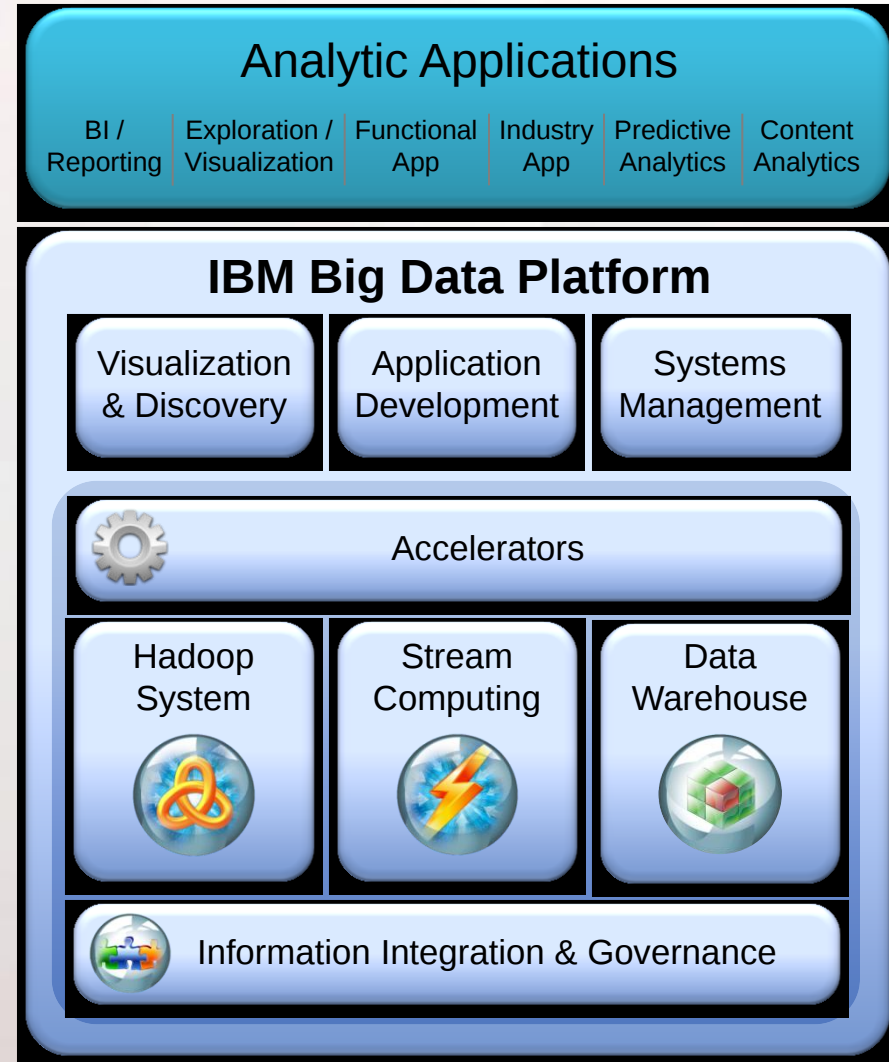


BIG DATA CONCEPT

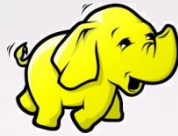
Big Data Concept

New analytic applications drive the requirements for a big data platform

- Integrate and manage the full **V**ariety, **V**elocity, **V**olume and **V**eracity of data – **V**⁴
- Apply advanced analytics to information in its native form
- Visualize all available data for ad-hoc analysis
- Development environment for building new analytic applications
- Workload optimization and scheduling
- Security and Governance



Hadoop



- Open source software framework from Apache
- Main concept: **BRING PROCESSING TO DATA**
- 2 Basic parts of the framework:

HDFS

- Distributed file system
- Files are split to small blocks and each block is stored on 3 places in the whole distributed system

Map/Reduce

Each task is split into 3 phases:

- Map
 - *Map* function runs in parallel on each node and returns the set of <key, value> pairs
 - Shuffle
 - Pairs with the same *key* are moved close together
 - Reduce
 - “Reduce” function is performed combined results for the same key together
- e.g.: Count number of occurrence of words (like “IBM”, “vendor”, ...)
- Map
 - *Map* function here is: To count number of occurrences of defined words on each node (set like <“IBM”, 6>, <“vendor”, 8>, ... is returned from each node)
 - Shuffle
 - Pairs <“IBM”, 6>, <“IBM”, 12>, ... returned from nodes are put close together for processing during the reduce phase
 - Reduce
 - *Reduce* function here is summing up the final count based on partial ones returned from the nodes: => <“IBM”, 6+12+...>, <“vendor”, 8+9+...>

IBM BigData implementation

- IBM implementation of Hadoop goes much further than the classic Hadoop distributions
- First of a feature going far is **Adaptive Map/Reduce**
 - Hadoop System IBM workload optimization for high performance

Adaptive MapReduce

- Algorithm to optimize execution time of multiple small jobs
- Performance gains of 30% reduce overhead of task startup

Hadoop System Scheduler

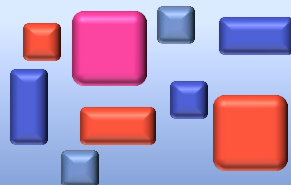
- Identifies small and large jobs from prior experience
- Sequences work to reduce overhead

Task



Map

(break task into small parts)



Adaptive Map

(optimization — small units of work) order



Reduce

(many results to a single result set)



IBM BigData implementation – cont.

- Other differentiators:

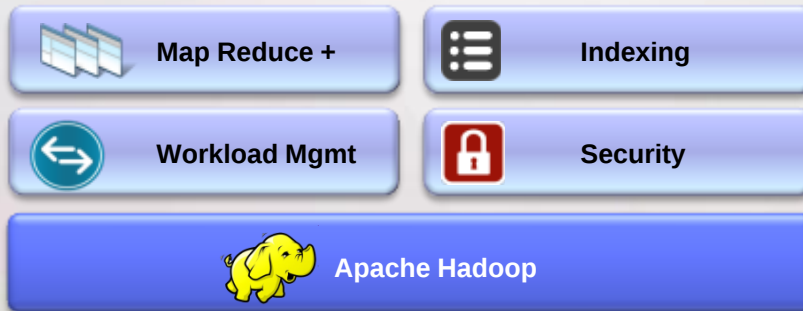
User Interfaces



Accelerators



BigInsights Engine



Integration



More Than Hadoop

- Performance & workload optimizations
- Spreadsheet-style visualization for data discovery & exploration
- Built-in IDE & admin consoles
- Enterprise-class security
- High-speed connectors to integration with other systems
- Analytical accelerators

Product Name: *IBM InfoSphere BigInsights Enterprise Ed.*

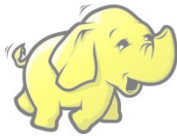
Process Streaming Data

Requirement

Technology

Description

Process & Store
huge volume of
any data



Hadoop
Map Reduce

Distributed File System

Can be used as storage and parallel runtime

Structure and
control data



Data Warehouse

Parallel Processing Engine

Can be populated by the data from analysis

Process
Streaming Data



InfoSphere Streams

Stream Computing Engine

Can be used as data source (stream of events)

Analyze
Unstructured Data



Content Analytics
Text Analytics Engine

**Analyze textual content
for insights**

Used for data analysis

Integrate all data
sources



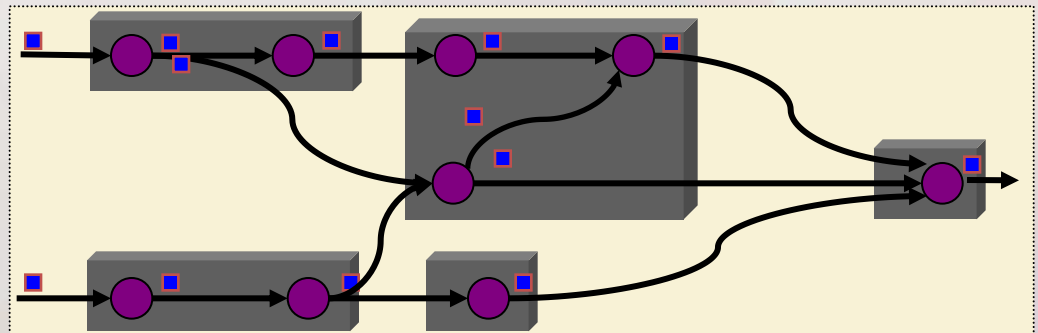
ETL, Data Quality

**Integrate, transform, and
manage meta data**

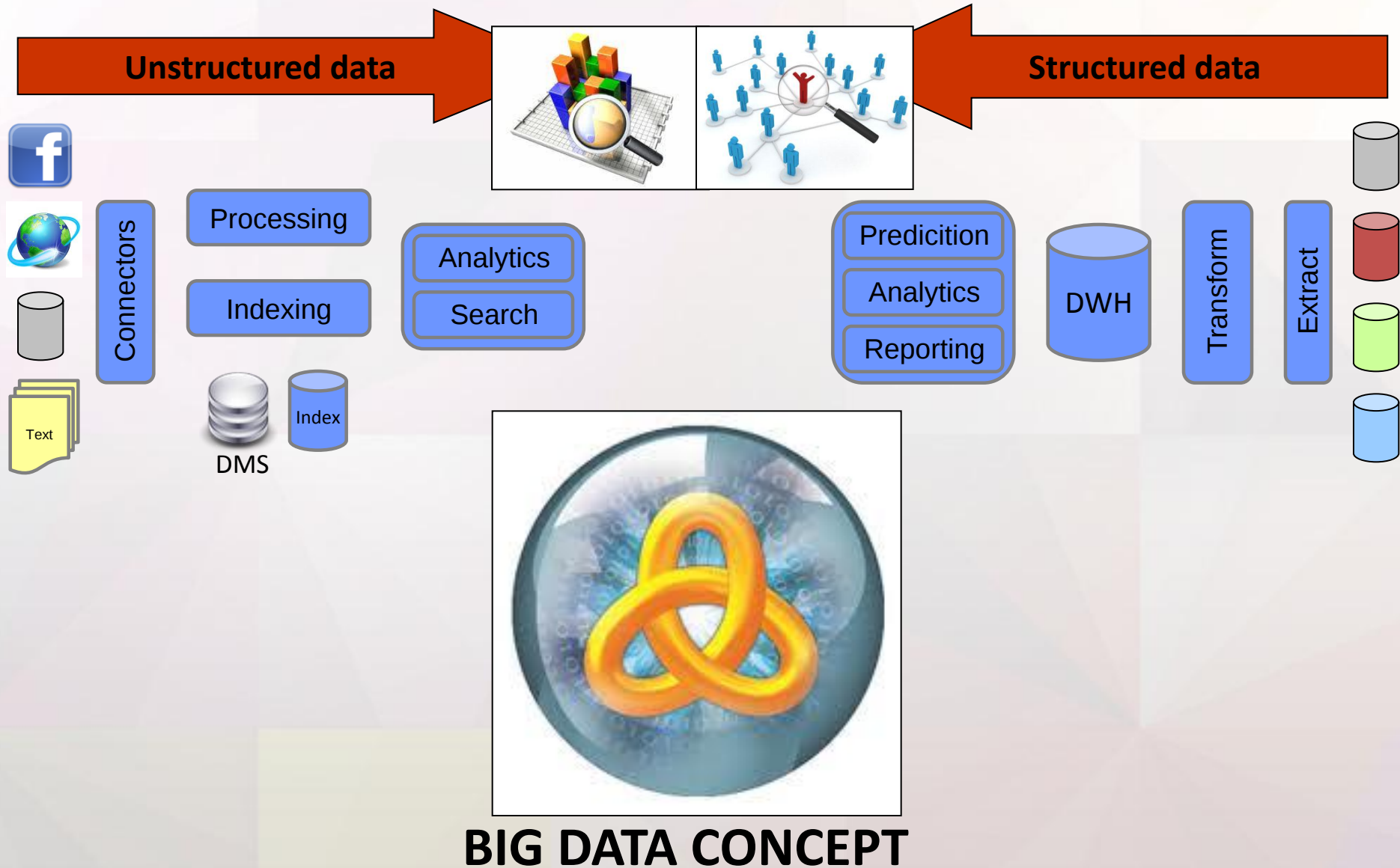
Can be used for data enrichment

Process Streaming data

- Technology developed with US Government
- Technology can execute models developed in SPSS Modeller
- Technology is represented by *IBM InfoSphere Streams* product providing:
 - a programming model for defining data flow graphs consisting of **data sources** (inputs), **operators**, and **sinks** (outputs)
 - controls for fusing operators into processing elements (**PEs**)
 - infrastructure to support the composition of scalable **stream processing applications** from these components
 - deployment and operation of these applications across distributed **x86 processing nodes**, when scaled-up processing is required
- What's different from ETL (data pumps):
 - ETL extracts data already stored somewhere transform it and store it finally somewhere else
 - IBM InfoSphere Streams reads **big amount of streaming data** with **minimum latency**



Unstructured data



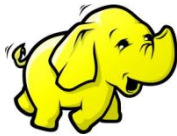
Unstructured data

Requirement

Technology

Description

**Process & Store
huge volume of
any data**



**Hadoop
Map Reduce**

Distributed File System

Can be used as storage and parallel runtime

**Structure and
control data**



Data Warehouse

Parallel Processing Engine

Can be populated by the data from analysis

**Process
Streaming Data**



InfoSphere Streams

Stream Computing Engine

Can be used as data source (stream of events)

**Analyze
Unstructured Data**



**Content Analytics
Text Analytics Engine**

**Analyze textual content
for insights**

Used for data analysis

**Integrate all data
sources**

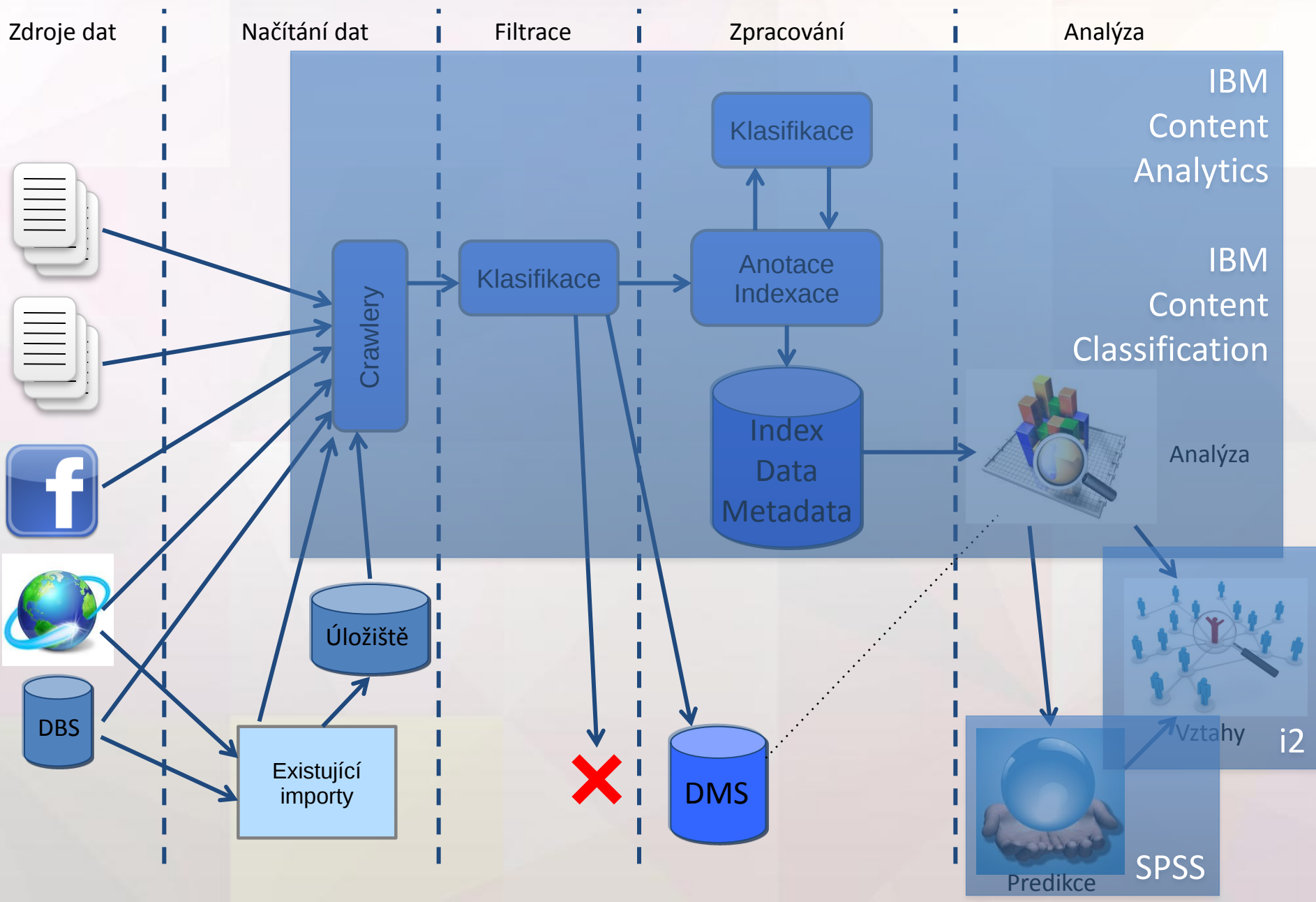


ETL, Data Quality

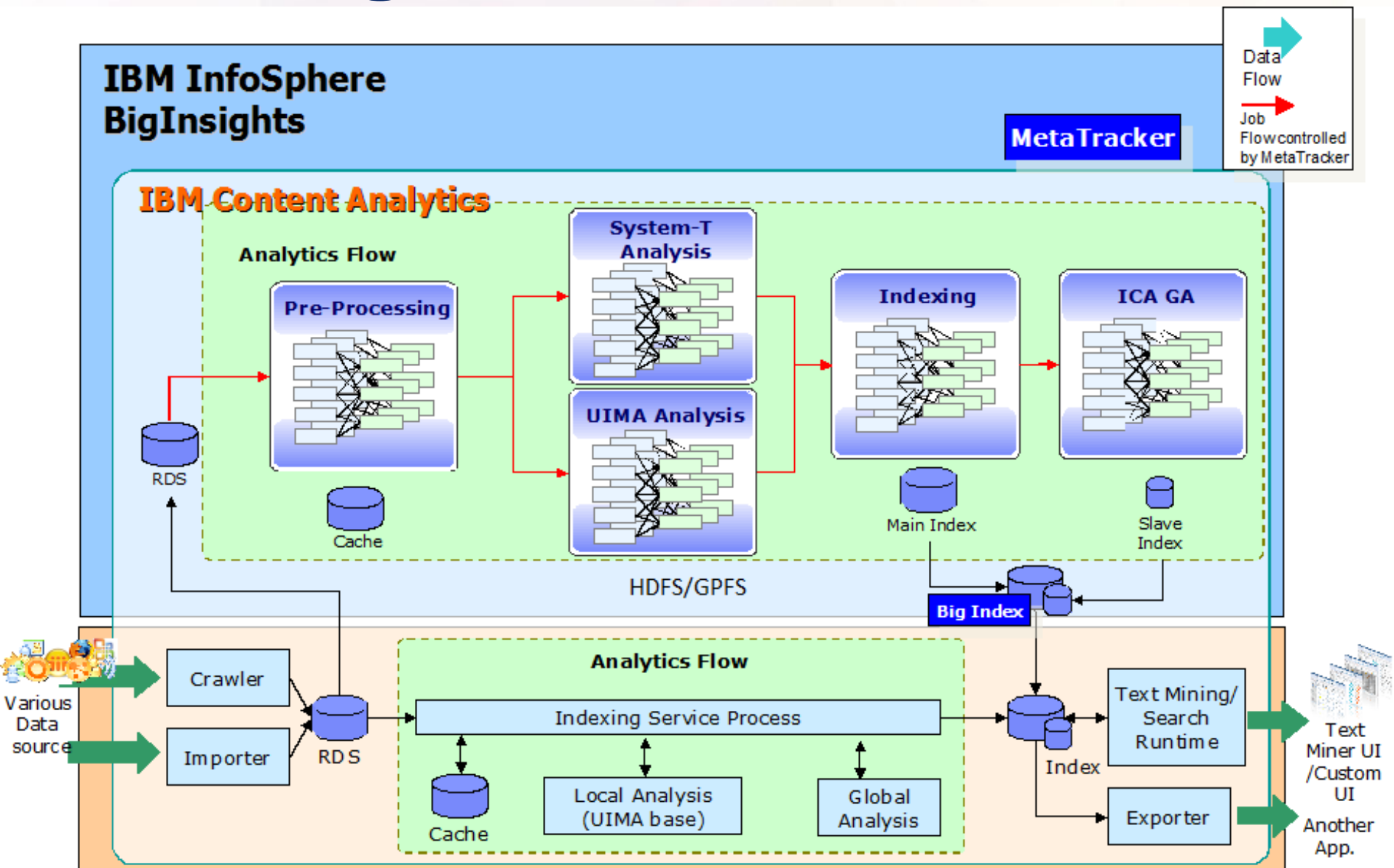
**Integrate, transform, and
manage meta data**

Can be used for data enrichment

Proces získání, zpracování a analýzy dat



ICA BigData Support



Enterprise Search

- Jednotné vyhledávání napříč organizací
 - Integrace interních i externích zdrojů vyhledávání
 - Podpora přirozeného jazyka (časování, skloňování,...)

The screenshot displays the IBM Enterprise Search web application. The interface includes a top navigation bar with the IBM logo, a search bar, and user status information. The main content area is divided into several sections:

- Query Tree Area:** Located at the top left, it shows a hierarchical view of the search query. Annotations include "Strom vyhledávání" (Search tree) pointing to the tree structure and "OR : 97 documents" indicating the total number of results.
- Results 1-10 of 97 (97 results matched):** The main results list, which includes columns for Actions, Source, Date, and Title. Annotations include "Podobné dokumenty" (Similar documents) pointing to a result entry and "Tvůrce dotazu" (Query builder) pointing to a button at the bottom.
- Narrow Your Results:** A sidebar on the left that allows users to refine their search. It includes a "Facet Tree" with categories like Date, Document Cluster, and twitter account. Annotations include "Fazety dokumentů" (Document facets) pointing to the facet tree and "Detekce duplikace" (Duplicate detection) pointing to a "Duplicates 17% off" button.

The results list shows several entries, including documents from "twitterTechnology" and "IBM". The interface also features a "Query Builder" window at the bottom, which allows users to construct complex search queries using logical operators like AND, OR, and NOT.

Semantic search

Nyní je možné indexovat a vyhledávat na základě těchto pojmů a údajů místo pouhých klíčových slov

Popis
vztahu

Oloupen

Arg1:Osoba

Arg2:Hotel

Popis
pojmenované
entity

Osoba

Hotel

Popis části
textu

Podmět

Přísudek

PÚ místa

Petr

Ulč

byl

oloupen

v

hotelu

Hiton

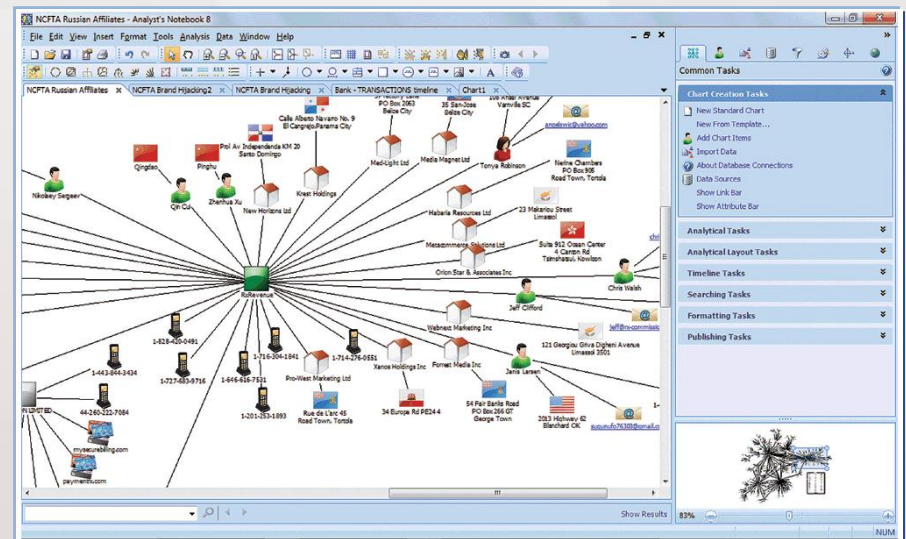
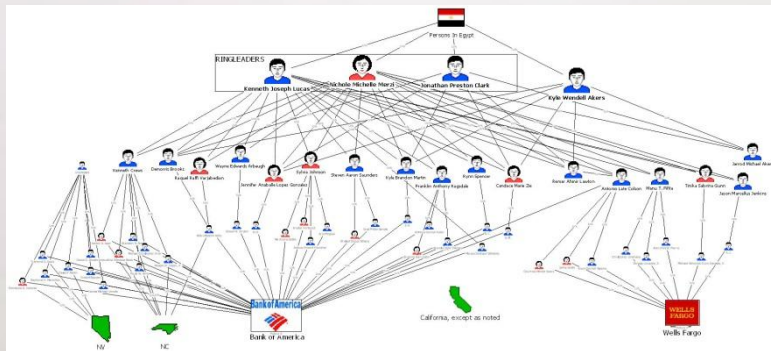


ICA – supported languages

- | | | | |
|----------------|-------------|--------------|------|
| • Arabic | (ar) | • Hebrew | (he) |
| • Chinese | (zh) | • Italian | (it) |
| • Czech | (cs) | • Japanese | (ja) |
| • Danish | (da) | • Polish | (pl) |
| • Dutch | (nl) | • Portuguese | (pt) |
| • English | (en) | • Russian | (ru) |
| • French | (fr) | • Spanish | (es) |
| • German | (de) | | |

Analýza vztahů - i2

- IBM i2 Intelligence Analysis Platform
 - Investigation tool
 - Data centric multi-user collaborative environment
 - Robust security architecture
 - Extensive multidimensional analysis



PROOF OF CONCEPT

IBM CONTENT ANALYTICS

Zadání POC

- Sběr dat
- Vyhledávání v datech
- Analýza dat
- Vizualizace dat, vazeb, vztahů
- Integrace, rozšiřitelnost

Zdroje dat

- Předané pro testovací scénáře
 - Offline soubory získané z internetu
 - Online webové servery
- Vlastní
 - Twitter
 - WAR Forum

Crawlers pro online a offline zdroje

- Webové stránky
- Soubory na disku
- Sociální sítě

Oddělená prostředí

Zdroje dat

Načítání dat

Filtrace

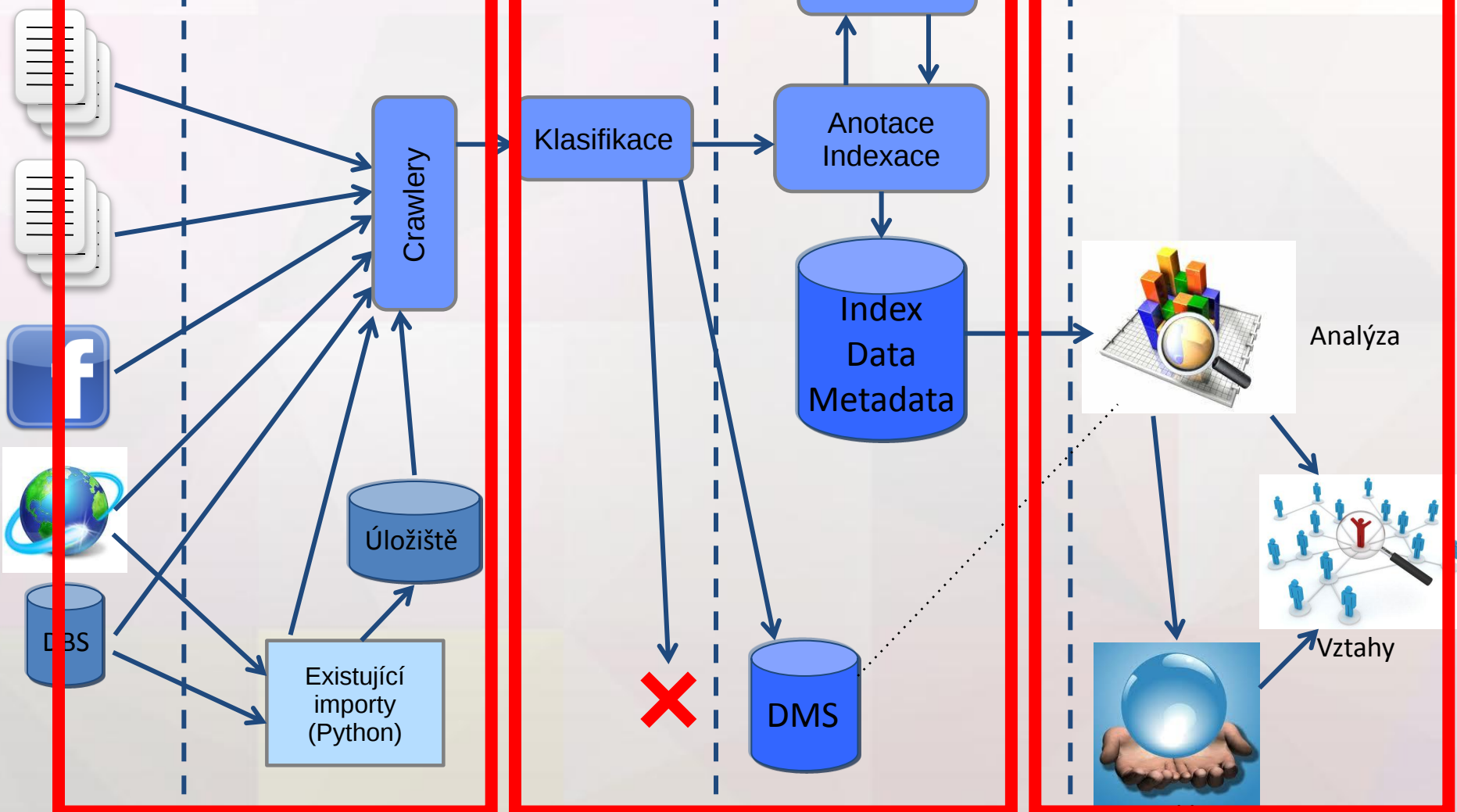
Zpracování

Analýza

Prostředí 1

Prostředí 2

Prostředí 3



Zpracování dat

- Unstructured Information Management Architecture
– UIMA – OASIS Standard
- Tvorba slovníků
- Tvorba pravidel
- Testování

Analýza, vizualizace, integrace

- Fazety
- Časové řady
- Vazby mezi fazetami
- Duplicity
- „Značkování“
- Integrace s i2 Analyst Notebook

Vícejazyčné vyhledávání

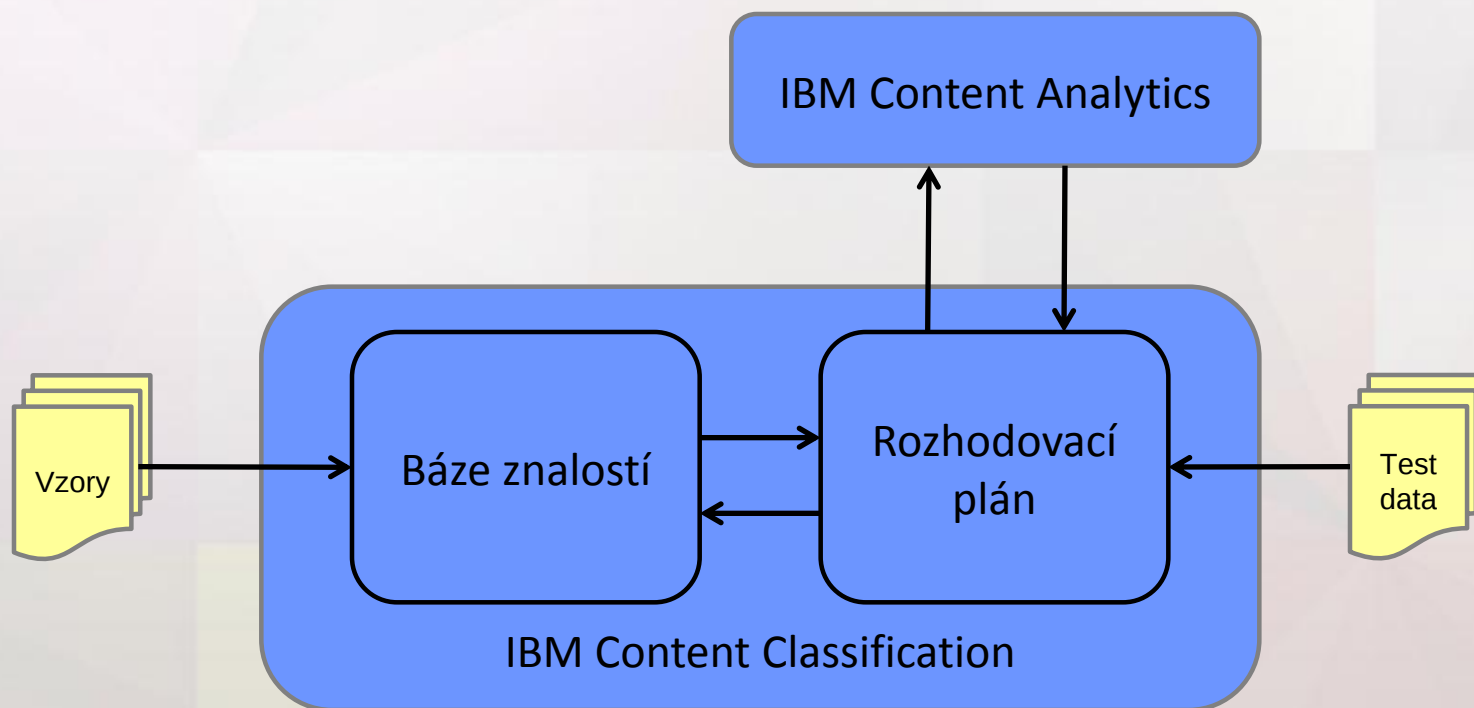
- Tvorba významových témat v ICA
- Synonymické slovníky v rámci ICA
- Externí překlad → vyhledávání v ICA
 - Offline databáze
 - Online služba

Výsledek POC

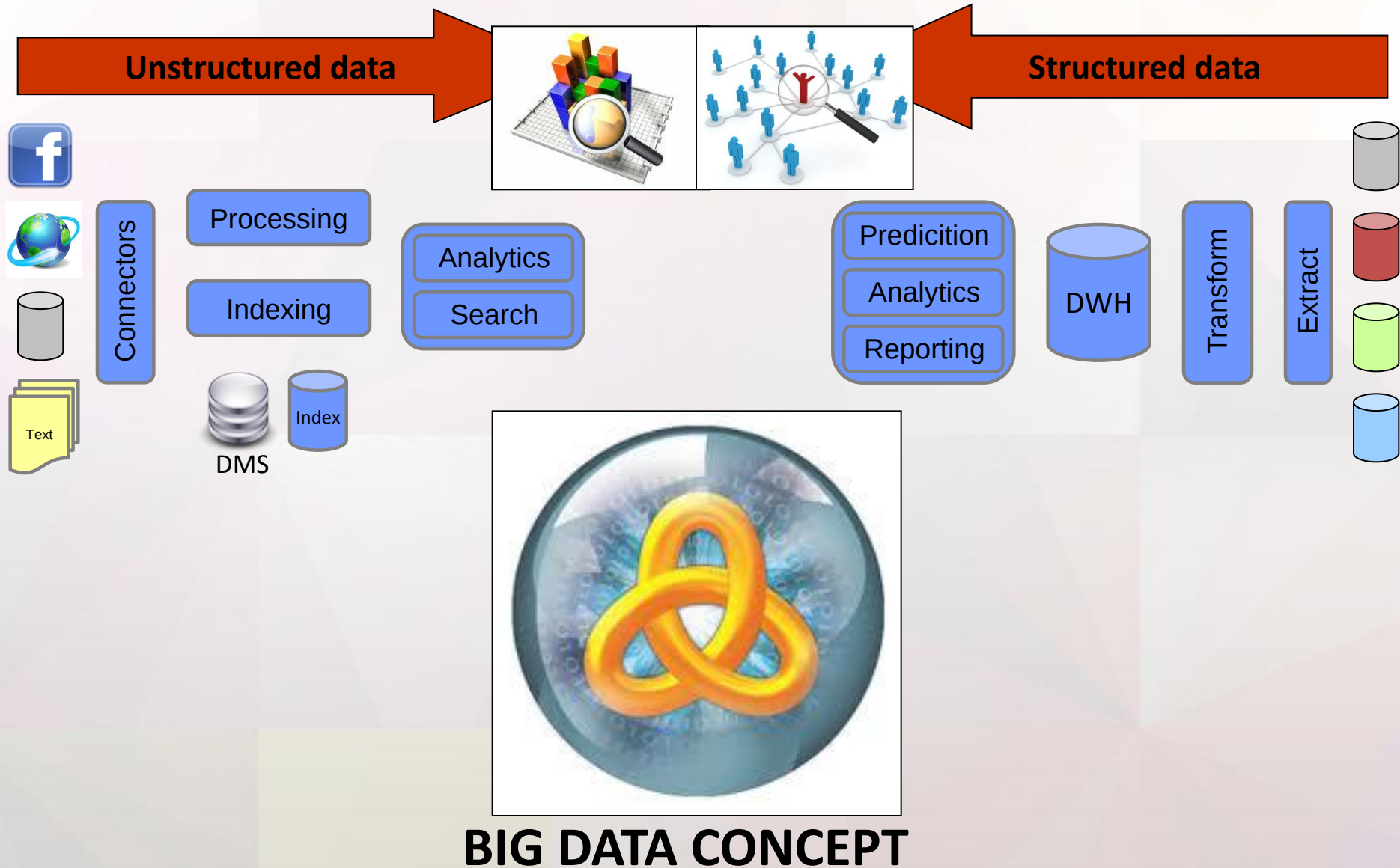
- Síla klasifikace založené na pravidlech
- Otevřená platforma včetně napojení na BigData
- Podpora českého jazyka
- Podpora platformy výrobcem v regionu

Automatická klasifikace

- IBM Content Classification
 - Učení báze znalostí se vzorových dat
 - Automatická klasifikace obsahu
 - Adaptivní učení na základě zpětné vazby



Structured data



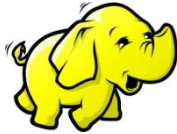
Structured data

Requirement

Technology

Description

**Process & Store
huge volume of
any data**



**Hadoop
Map Reduce**

Distributed File System

Can be used as storage and parallel runtime

**Structure and
control data**



Data Warehouse

Parallel Processing Engine

Can be populated by the data from analysis

**Process
Streaming Data**



InfoSphere Streams

Stream Computing Engine

Can be used as data source (stream of events)

**Analyze
Unstructured Data**



**Content Analytics
Text Analytics Engine**

**Analyze textual content
for insights**

Used for data analysis

**Integrate all data
sources**



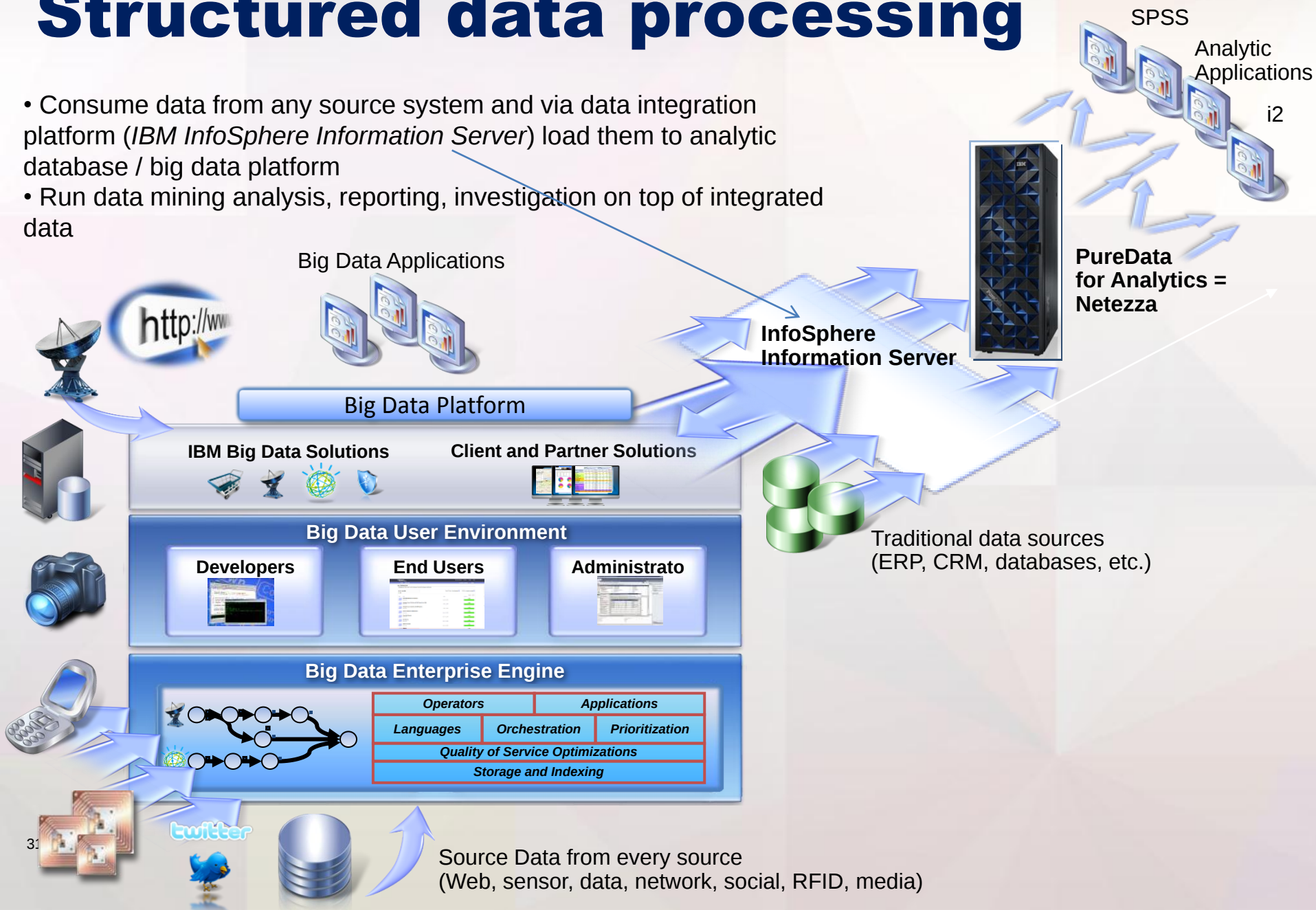
ETL, Data Quality

**Integrate, transform, and
manage meta data**

Can be used for data enrichment

Structured data processing

- Consume data from any source system and via data integration platform (IBM InfoSphere Information Server) load them to analytic database / big data platform
- Run data mining analysis, reporting, investigation on top of integrated data



IBM PureData System for Analytics = Netezza

- Purpose built analytic database engine
- Appliance = HW (Server + Storage) + SW
- Very Low TCO
- Main advantages:
 - **Speed:** 10 – 100x faster than traditional systems
 - **Simplicity: minimal administration** (no indexes, no tables spaces, ...)
 - **Scalability:** up to 1.2PBs for user data
 - **Smart: Native integration with IBM SPSS Modeller** for data mining and predictive models
 - SPSS analysis can run on the database level (no need to pass tons of data to the SPSS engine for processing)



SPSS

SPSS software and solutions enable customers to predict future events and proactively act upon that insight to drive better business outcomes

Capture

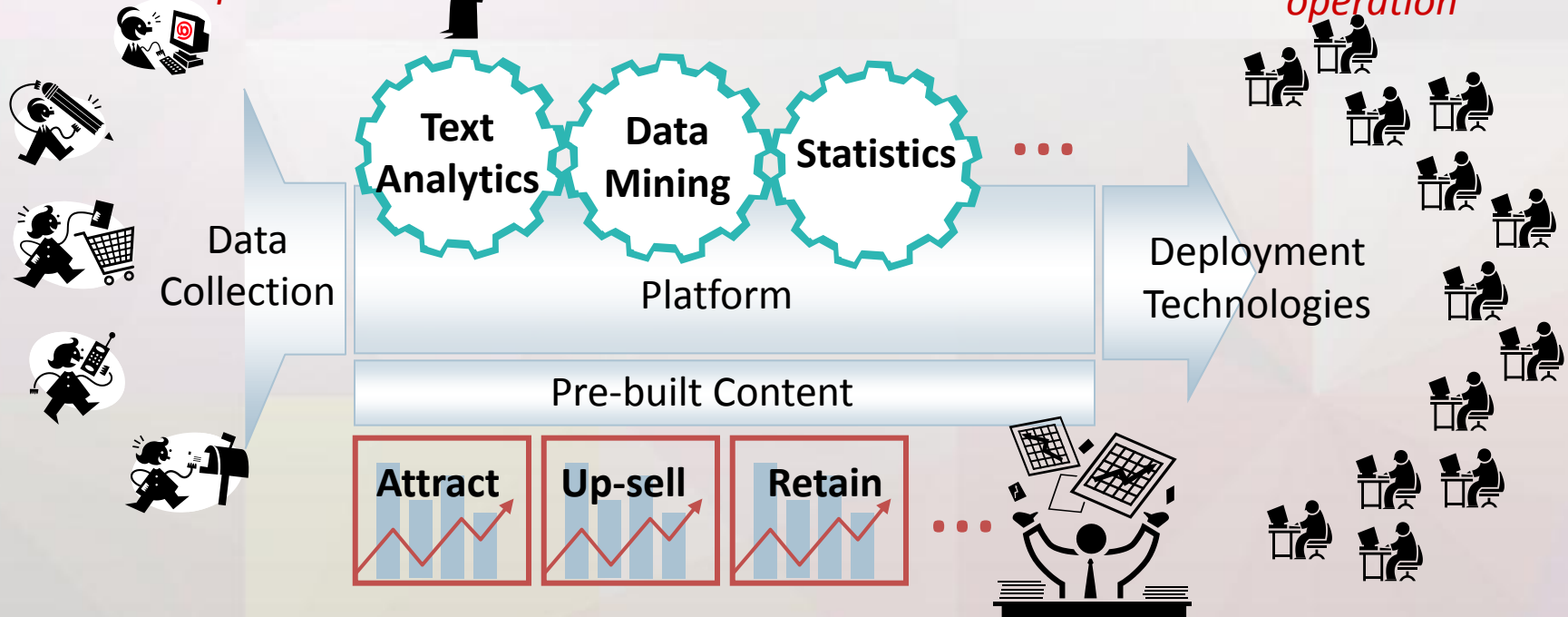
Data Collection delivers an accurate view of customer attitudes and opinions

Predict

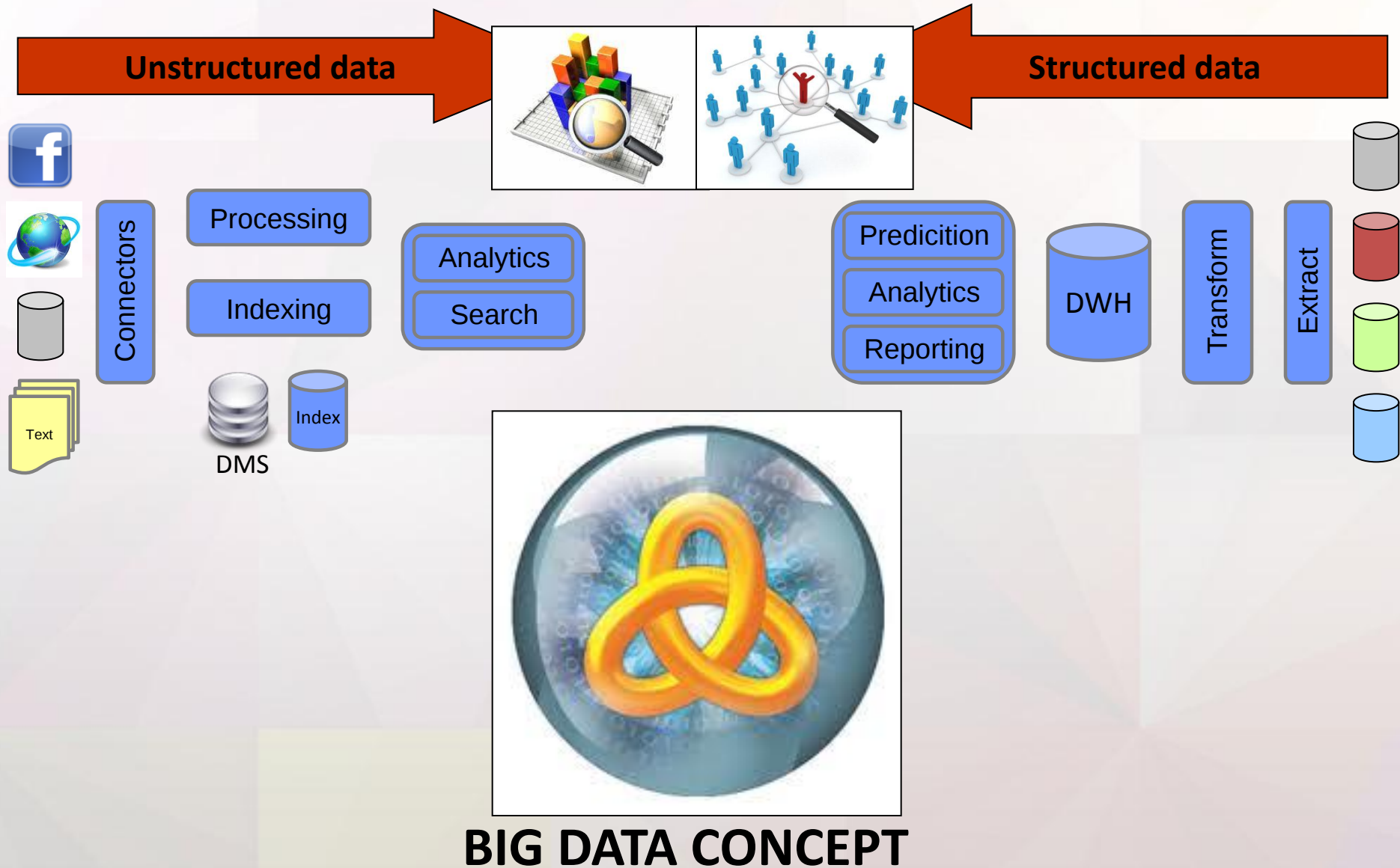
Predictive capabilities bring repeatability to ongoing decision making, and drive confidence in your results and decisions

Act

Unique deployment technologies and methodologies maximize the impact of analytics in your operation



Conclusion





SmarterAnalytics
CEE Competence Center